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System Application	Asymmetric Digital Subscriber Line	Asymmetric Digital Subscriber Line		
Product Type	ISDN / POTS Splitter			
Product Name	CPF101NW			
Date	Mar. 15 th , 2002			
Issued By	Bert Lin - Design Engineer, R&D_1			
	Bert@ycl.com.tw			
Approved By	Roger Wu – Manager, R&D_1			
	Roger@ycl.com.tw			
Issued Date				



YCL Electronics Co., Ltd.

No.95, Feng Jen Road. Feng Shan City, Kaohsiung, Taiwan, R.O.C.

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1. Introduction:

The CPF101NW is a splitter module that has been specifically designed to implement the functionality of low pass filter in ISDN over ADSL application. The CPF101NW integrate low pass filter that block the high frequency energy from reaching the ISDN device and provide isolation from impedance effects of the ISDN device on ADSL. Because the ISDN splitter connects directly to the subscriber loop media, it must also provide some protection for externally induced line hits or faults which could damage any attached equipment or endanger humans interacting with the installed equipment. The circuit protection will be provided mostly by standard central office line protection means and additional protection measures built into splitter to protect against line overstress which could damage the splitter itself. This splitter mainly consist of one low pass filter which provide ISDN and POTS solution respectively

2. Reference:

Ref. 1: ETSI TR 101 728 V1.1.1(2000-12)

Ref. 2: Splitter requirement specification for HM130

Ref. 3: ITU-T G.992.1 Asymmetrical Digital Subscriber Line (ADSL) Transceiver

Ref. 4: ITU-T K.21 Resistibility of subscribers terminal to over-voltages and

over-currents.

Ref. 5: ITU-T K.44 Resistibility tests for telecommunication equipment exposed

to overvoltages and overcurrents - Basic Recommendation

3. Abbreviations:

ADSL Asymmetric Digital Subscriber Line ISDN Integrated Service Digital Network

CO Central Office

CPE Customer Premise Equipment.
POTS Plain Old Telephone Service

RT Remote Terminal

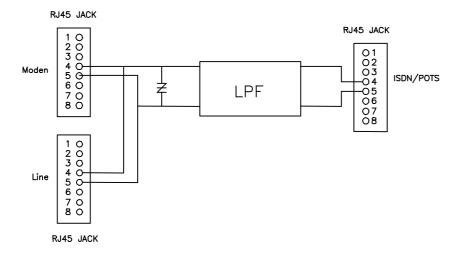
Z_{ADSI} Network termination of ADSL



4. Technical requirements:

4.1. Block diagram:

A block diagram of this product is graphically illustrated as below.





4.2. Electrical specification:

4.2.1. ISDN requirement :

	Electrical requirements		
Splitter parameter	Range	values	
ISDN band(3dB bandwidth)		DC to 94KHz	
ADSL band		160KHz-1104KHz	
Nominal impedance			
Line impedance ZL		135 ohm	
CO impedance ZTc		135 ohm	
RT impedance ZTr		135 ohm	
Modem impedance		100 ohm	
Current voice band			
Loop current		200mA	
DC resistance			
DC resistance		<=12.5 ohm	
Isolation resistance tip/ring		>5 M ohm	
ISDN band characteristic			
Splitter parameter	Rang	Value	
Insertion Loss	1KHz <f<40khz< td=""><td><0.8dB</td></f<40khz<>	<0.8dB	
	40KHz <f<80khz< td=""><td><2.0 dB</td></f<80khz<>	<2.0 dB	
Return Loss	1KHz <f<40khz< td=""><td>≥16 dB</td></f<40khz<>	≥16 dB	
	40KHz <f<80khz< td=""><td>≥14 dB</td></f<80khz<>	≥14 dB	
Stop Band Attenuation	150KHz <f<1104khz< td=""><td>>65 dB</td></f<1104khz<>	>65 dB	



4.2.2. POTS requirement :

Culittan managasatan	Electrical requirements		
Splitter parameter	Range	values	
Frequency range	_		
Splitter bandwidth		DC to 16KHz	
Nominal voice band		0.3KHz to 3.4KHz	
Billing tone		16KHz±80Hz	
Ringing frequency		22Hz to 28Hz	
ADSL band		160KHz to 1104KHz	
Line Impedance ZL		270ohm + (750ohm 150nF)	
CO impedance ZTc		270ohm + (750ohm 150nF)	
RT impedance ZTr		270ohm + (750ohm 150nF)	
Modem impedance	160KHz< f< 1104KHz	100 ohm	
Operation voltage voice band			
Nominal signal		21mVpp to 5.4 Vpp	
Billing tone		10Vpp to 30.2Vpp	
Dinging signal		40Vrms to 80Vrms(113Vpp to 227	
Ringing signal		Vpp)	
DC voltage		0V to -72V	
May AC valtage		70Vrms with -72VDC offset	
Max. AC voltage		voltage	
Max. differential		190V	
Current voice band			
Loop current		<100mA	
Transient current(on/off hook)		<400mA	
DC Resistance			
DC Resistance		<=12.5 ohm	
Isolation resistance tip/ring		>5 Mohm	
Voice -band characteristic			
Splitter parameter	Rang	Value	
	200HZ <f<3.4khz (Refer to 1KHz)</f<3.4khz 	<±1dB	
Insertion Loss	16KHz±1KHz	<3.0dB	
	1KHz	<1 dB	
	300Hz <f<3.4khz< td=""><td>>12 dB</td></f<3.4khz<>	>12 dB	
Return Loss	3.4kHz <f<4khz< td=""><td>>8 dB</td></f<4khz<>	>8 dB	
	0.TKI 12\1\TIXI 12	/0 UD	



4.2.3. DC characteristic:

All requirement of this specification can be met in the presence of all POTS loop currents from 0mA to 100mA. This POTS splitter can pass POTS tip-to-ring dc voltages of 0V to 72V and ringing signals of 40V to 80Vrms at any frequency from22Hz to 28Hz with a dc component in the range from 0V to 72V. The dc resistance from tip-to-ring at the line port interface with the phone interface shorted, shall be less than or equal to 25 ohms. The DC resistance from tip-to-ground and from ring-to-ground at the POTS interface with the U-R interface open shall be greater than or equal to 5 Megohms. The ground point shall be local building or green wire ground. As an objective , the dc resistance should exceed $10 M\Omega$.

4.3. Test Methodology:

4.3.1. Filter Return loss test for ISDN function.

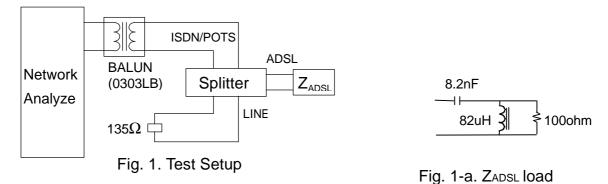
4.3.1.1. Test Equipment:

- a . HP4395A Network / Spectrum / Impedance Analyzer
- b . HP87512A Transmission / Reflection test set
- c . Balun North Hills : 0303LB(50Ω : 135Ω)

4.3.1.2. Test setup: is shown in Fig. 1.

4.3.1.3. Test Procedure:

- a . Set HP4395A in A/R mode.
- b . Connecting the Analyzer to the ISDN sides of splitter through the North Hills Balun 0303LB. While Z_{ADSL} load can be terminated with load, or open.
- c . Set frequency of interest given in specification.
- d . Calibrating the HP4395A network Analyzer via the thru, open, load calibration. being performed for Return loss.
- e . Measurement Return loss.



Note: Z_{ADSL} load can be terminated with load, or open



4.3.2. Filter Insertion Loss and attenuation test for ISDN function.

4.3.2.1. Test Equipment:

- a . HP4395A Network / Spectrum / Impedance Analyzer
- b . HP87512A Transmission / Reflection test set
- c . Balun North Hills : 0303LB(50Ω : 135Ω)

4.3.2.2. Test setup: is shown in Fig. 2.

4.3.2.3. Test Procedure:

- a . Set HP4395A in B/R mode for attenuation test.
- b . Connecting the Analyzer to the ISDN and line side of splitter through the North Hills Balun 0303LB
- c . Set frequency of interest given in specification.
- d . Calibrating the HP4395A network Analyzer via the thru for attenuation test
- e . Measurement Insertion Loss and attenuation.

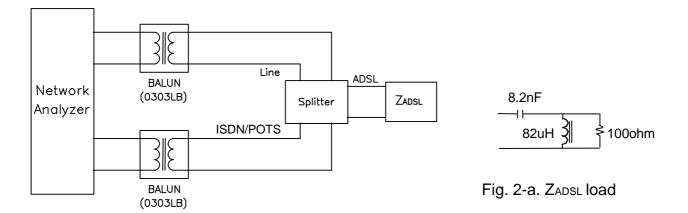


Fig. 2. Test Setup

Note: Z_{ADSL} load can be terminated with load, or open



4.3.3. Filter Insertion loss test For POTS Function:

4.3.3.1. Description:

Insertion loss /Attenuation mentioned herein is defined as below:

 $IL = 20 \log_{10} | Vo/Vi | dB$

Vi = the voltage value measured is shown in Fig. 3

Vo = the voltage value measured across the Line side shown in Fig. 4

4.3.3.2. Apparatus:

- a . Function generator or equivalent
- b . Readout oscilloscope or equivalent.
- c . Complex load ZL = 270 ohm + 750 ohm //150 nF

4.3.3.3. Test procedure:

- a . Set the measurement Frequency of interest
- b. Connecting the source to the Phone side of splitter with the complex load ZL=270 ohm + 750 ohm //150nF across the Line side.
- c . Measure the voltage value and calculate the Insertion loss expressed in decibel from the equation Insertion loss = $20 \log_{10} |Vo/Vi| dB$
- d. Change another frequency of interested the repeat step a~d.

4.3.3.4. Insertion loss test set up measurement :

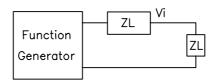


Fig. 3

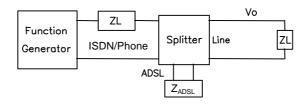


Fig. 4



4.3.4. Filter Return Loss Test For POTS Function:

4.3.4.1. Description:

Return loss is essentially defined as the ratio of the power incident upon a given transmission system to the power reflected caused by an impedance mismatch with respect to reference impedance at the interface between source and device. Return loss is generally expressed in decibels. General Return Loss equation as below:

Return loss =
$$20 \log | Z_R + Z_M / Z_R - Z_M | dB$$

 Z_R = the reference impedance is shown in Fig. 5

 $Z_{\rm M}$ = the measured impedance is shown in Fig. 6

4.4.2.2. Test Equipment:

a: HP 16047A Transformer Test Fixture

b: HP HP 4192A Analyzer or equivalent

c : Complex load ZL = 270ohm +750ohm //150nF

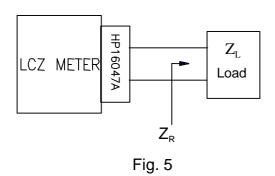
4.3.2.3. Test Setup: is shown in below

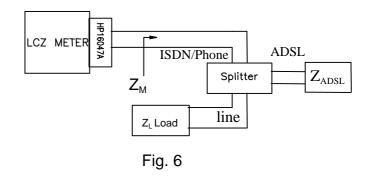
4.3.2.4. Test Procedure:

a : Set the measurement Frequency of interest

b: Calibrating the HP4192A L.C.Z. impedance Analyzer via the short. open, load

- c: Connecting the Analyzer to the POTS(ISDN) side of splitter with the complex load 270ohm+750ohm//150nf across the Line side. While Z_{ADSL} load can be terminated with Z_{ADSL} load or open.
- d : Measure the impedance value R +jX and calculate the Return loss expressed in decibel from the equation Return loss = 20 log $|Z_R + Z_M / Z_R Z_M|$ dB
- e: Change another frequency of interest, then repeat step b~e.







5. Environmental condition:

5.1. Resistibility to overvoltages and overcurrents:

The splitter has to comply with requirements as per ITU-T K.21. The test voltage of lightning surge simulation is up to 10 kV.

5.2. Climatic conditions:

5.2.1. Operating temperature:

Application indoor Long time operation guarantee temperature (5 to 40 $^{\circ}$ C) Short time operation guarantee temperature (0 to 50 $^{\circ}$ C) (According to ETS 300 019, class 3.2)

5.2.2. Storage and transport:

Low ambient temperature $-20~^{\circ}\text{C}$ High ambient temperature $+85~^{\circ}\text{C}$ (According to MIL-STD-202 method 107 / QC-0-20)

5.2.3. Operation humidity:

Long time operation guarantee humidity (5 to 85 %) Short time operation guarantee humidity (5 to 90 %)

Short time: within 72 continuous hours and 15 days in a year



6. Reliability conditions:

Test Item	Description of Testing	Test Condition	Acceptance	Sampling Quantities	
				D.V.T. Pilot Run	Mass Product
1 1	Visual/Mechanical Examination	By Visual Examination or by using X-Ray, Microscope etc. to Examine sample. Reference:QC-0-12&QC-0-22		2	4
2	Electrical Characteristic	According to clause 4.5 Electrical Specification, pp. 16-17. Reference: QC-0-16	No electrical failure.	2	4
3	Thermal Shock	-20 °C +85 °C , for 5 cycles. Reference: MIL-STD-202 method 107 / QC-0-20	No electrical failure.	1	2
4	Temperature Humidity Exposure	+50 °C / 95 RH , 96 hrs. Reference: MIL-STD-202 method 103 / QC-0-11	No electrical failure.	1	2
5	Vibration Test	Random vibration / Freq.: 5 ~ 500 Hz / Sweep time: 1 hr. / axis / Force: 2.4 grams Reference: MIL-STD-202 method 204 / QC-0-21	No electrical failure & mechanical faults.	1 box	1 box



7. Mechanical condition:

